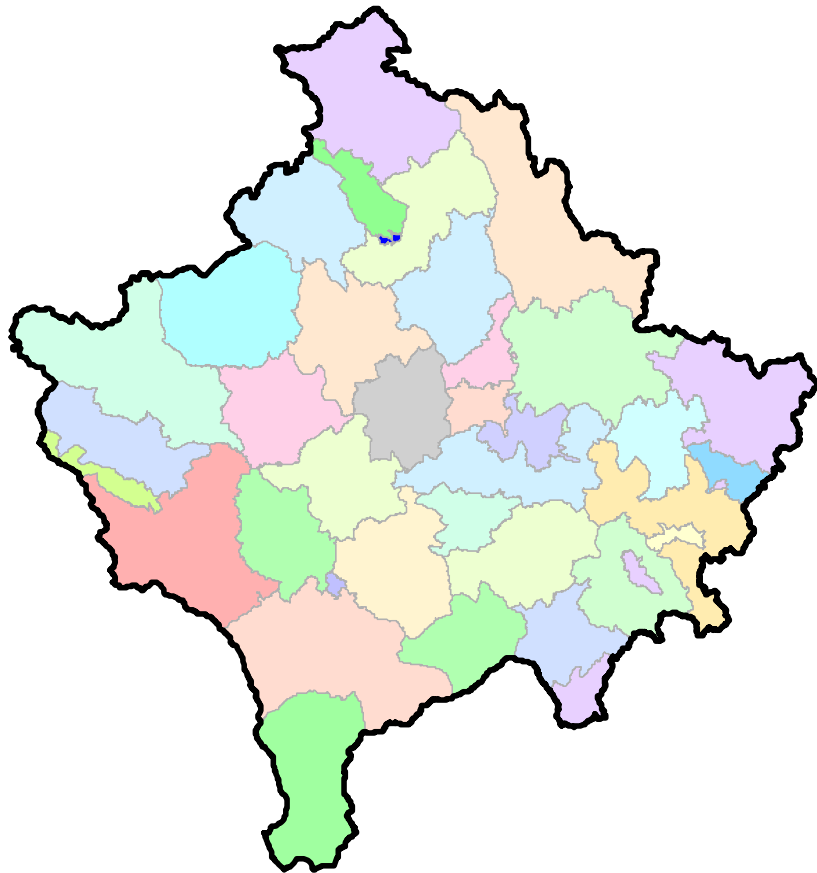




Republika e Kosovës  
Republika Kosova-Republic of Kosovo  
*Qeveria - Vlada - Government*  
Zyra e Kryeministrit -Ured Premijera -Office of the Prime Minister  
*Agjencia e Statistikave të Kosovës - Agencija za Statistike Kosova - Kosovo Agency of Statistics*

## Series 3: Economic Statistics

# External Trade January 2017



## **P r e f a c e**

The Kosovo Agency of Statistics (KAS) started to publish data on the Import for Kosovo since 2001.

Publication of External Trade is based on the Kosovo Customs Service data.

Preliminary data on Export were published in 2000 and 2001.

All these publications consist of preliminary data due to the continuous quality improvements; data in this publication are different from the preliminary data published before.

This publication contains 7 tables on Kosovo External Trade mainly for January 2017 comparisons with same period 2016. Tables are related with the Import and Export by the flow of goods, cumulatively, statistical procedures, and sections, by countries and by border points.

Import is given by country of origin.

Suggestion and remarks of users are welcome.

Future publications will certainly provide new and better quality of data.

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### **Abbreviations**

KAS	Kosovo Agency of Statistics
FOB	Free on Board
C.I.F.	Cost, Insurance, Freight
EU	European Union
CN	Combined Nomenclature
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification
SCT	Standard Trade Classification
SAD	Single Administrative Document
HS	Harmonized System
ISO	International Standard of Organization
n.e.s.	not elsewhere specified
s.s	suspension system
d.s	drawback system

### **Symbols**

:	Figure is not available
0	Less than a half of the unit used
—	Not applied

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## **External Trade statistics – methodological notes**

### **Sources**

The statistics of trade is compiled mainly from the documents supplied by importers and exporters (or their agents) to the Customs authorities. The document is the Single Administrative Document (SAD) used for Customs clearance purposes. The information on the document is captured by the Customs Information system.

### **Responsibility for data collection, compilation and publication**

The Customs administration is responsible for the collection, inputting and processing of the data from customs statements. Data regarding the field of statistics are registered within this documents (SAD), are reported in monthly bases to the Statistical Agency of Kosovo by the Customs Administration via electronically.

KAS is responsible for external trade data processing, compilation and publication. These statistics include data by the type of customs procedures. Additional work involves editing and validation (or approval) of customs data.

### **Coverage**

External trade statistics do not cover temporary imports and exports of goods which will return after a certain period in an unchanged condition, as are: services, repairs, money as means of payment, money in gold, fuel supply of Kosovo's vehicles abroad, imports of goods for foreign liaisons offices and other diplomatic missions in Kosovo, travelers personal baggage, commercial samples and postal packages of minor value.

### **Recording system**

External trade statistics are compiled in accordance with the 'special' system (facilitating definition) of recording international trade. By this system, imports and exports are recorded at the time when goods move across the territory (or area) under the free flow that is the part when goods may be sold without any customs restriction. The facilitating definition means that beside regular export and import transactions, also inward and outward processing is included.

Special exports include exports of goods: covered by inward processing procedure, covered by the customs outward processing procedure, not recorded from customs declarations.

Special imports include imports of foreign goods: covered by inward processing procedure, covered by the customs outward processing procedure, not recorded from customs declarations.

Goods in transit are excluded.

### **Valuation**

For imports the "cif" value is used (cost, insurance and freight to the point of entry in Kosovo). For exports the "fob" (free on board) value is used. This is the cost of goods purchased abroad, including packing, transport within the state, loading charges, insurance and other charges

accruing up to the point where the goods are put on board the exporting vessel or aircraft or are conveyed to the land frontier. The invoice value is recalculated to the value at the Kosovo's

border by adding or subtracting the whole or in parts the costs of transport, loading, unloading and insurance, depending on the terms of delivery by the contract.

The value excludes:

- any sum receivable by the exporter by way of export refund, drawback, subsidy or other bounty
- any foreign customs duties or freight charges beyond the port or point of exportation.

Valuation is in euro. For transactions in which the value is expressed in a foreign currency, conversion to euro is done using the daily current exchange rate.

### **Reference period**

The calendar month is the basic period for compiling the data. On the base of customs data, the time of recording the imports/exports transactions is the date of submission of the customs declaration or according to some other date valid for the implementation of the customs regulations.

### **Units of quantity**

The quantity of exported and imported goods is shown in net mass if it can be determined considering the nature of the product and in the supplementary unit of measurement when it is prescribed in the customs tariff nomenclature.

Net weight is the usual unit of quantity shown. The weight of containers, cases, jars and packing materials is therefore excluded.

Other units of quantity are used for some commodities, notably live animals, motor vehicles, office machines, domestic appliances, watches and clocks, and clothing (where number is used as the unit of quantity), footwear (where the number of pairs is used), floor coverings (where square meters are used), and beverages (where volume is used).

### **Partner country**

In this publication, imports are recorded by country of origin (as opposed to country of consignment or dispatch). Goods obtained or produced in one country originating at that country. A product, in the production of which two or more countries were involved, is considered as originating by the country in which the last substantial manufacturing process occurred. Packing, repacking, sorting and blending are not regarded as manufacturing processes.

Exports are classified by country of final destination. The last country to which the goods are specifically directed on their outward movement from the State is regarded as their final destination. This is not necessarily the country in which the goods will be unshipped or that in which they will be finally consumed.

## **Country classification**

The classification of countries is the country nomenclature (Geo-nomenclature) as set in the Official Journal of the European Communities, published in annual bases. Since January 1999, this follows the United Nations' ISO alpha-2 coding system in which each country is identified by a two-letter code.

## **Classification of goods**

Statistics are collected by using the 8-digit Combined Nomenclature (CN) – the EU tariff and statistical nomenclature. This nomenclature is managed and updated annually by the Commission in cooperation with the member states. The CN is aligned with the 6-digit Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (HS) – the nomenclature of the Customs Co-operation Council that is used throughout the world for applying customs tariffs and compiling external trade statistics. The CN contains about 10,400 8-digit subheadings, the first six digits of which correspond to the HS code.

The Standard International Trade Classification, Revision 3 (SITC Rev 3) has been developed by the United Nations for the advancement of the international comparability of statistics on external trade.

SITC Rev 3 contains about 3,100 basic headings (5-digit). These are combined into 261 Groups (3-digit), 98 Divisions (2-digit) and 10 Sections (1-digit). For example, Section 6 (Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material) consists of 9 Divisions, 61 to 69. Division 64 (Paper, paperboard and articles thereof) consists of two groups, 641 and 642, which together consist of 72 basic headings, such as 642.94 (Paper handkerchiefs, towels, tablecloths, garments etc).

SITC Rev 3 follows the structure of the HS. Each of the categories in the SITC (including all the basic headings) is equivalent to a combination of HS headings (and therefore to a combination of CN headings)

## **Dissemination of data**

Monthly data are provisional and published 30 days after the reference month.  
Annual data are published in June.

## **Publication**

Release dates for external trade statistics are  
Aggregated data are published on the KAS web page 30 days after the reference period.

### **Monthly:**

Monthly External Trade Statistics for Kosovo

### **Annually:**

Final data  
External Trade Statistics, Kosovo

## **Export and Import flow for January 2017**

Initial figures for Kosovo's external trade of goods show a higher trade deficit (13.7%) of 125,4 million euro for January 2017 compared with deficit of 110,3 million euro for the same period 2016. The export covers the import (14.6%).

Export and Import for period January 2017 were worth respectively 21,4 million euro and 146,8 million euro. There is a decrease by (-3.7%) for exports and increase by (10.8%) for imports compared to the same period 2016.

According to the data the main groups of export are: (45.1%) base metal and articles of base metal, (15.4%) mineral products, (8.2%) plastics, rubber and articles thereof, (8.0%) prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco, (5.8%) vegetable products, (3.7%) leather and their articles, (3.1%) machinery, appliances and electric materials etc.

According to the data the main groups of import are: (17.5%) mineral products, (12.9%) prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco, (12.1%) machinery, appliances and electric material, (10.2%) transport means, (7.9%) products of chemical industries, (6.1%) base metal and articles of base metal, (5.5%) plastics, rubber and articles thereof etc.

## **Foreign trade of goods by EU-28**

Exports to EU countries-28 amounted to 5,4 million €, or (25.6%) of total exports, with an increase of (0.4%). The main partners for the export of goods in the EU area are: Germany (6.4%), Netherland (4.0%), Great Britain (4.0%) and Austria (2.4%).

Kosovo imports from EU-28 were around 63,8 million €, or (43.4%) of total imports, with an increase of (11.3%). Where the above imports were from: Germany (12.0%), Greece (4.8%), Italy (4.3%), Czech Republic (2.9%) etc.

## **Trade with CEFTA countries**

In the month of January 2017, exports to CEFTA countries amounted to 6,9 million €, or (32.6%) of total exports, with an increase of (28.0%). The main partners for export are: Albania (11.9%), Serbia (9.2%), Macedonia (7.4%) and Montenegro (3.2%).

While imports from CEFTA countries amounted to 37,1 million €, or (25.3%) of total imports, with an increase of (19.1%). The countries with the highest import were: Serbia (14.2%), Macedonia (4.5%), Albania (4.2%) and B&H (2.3%).

## **Trade with other countries of the world**

Exports to other countries amounted to 8,9 million €, or (41,8%). The main partners for export are: India (14.0%) and China (10.2%).

While imports of Kosovo with other countries amounted 45,9 million €, or (31.3%). The countries with the highest participation for import in this group were: China (11.1 %) and Turkey (9.2%).



Table 1: Flow of goods on external trade

(000 €)

Period	Exports (FOB)	Imports (CIF)	Trade balance	Per cent of cover
1	2	3	4=2-3	5=2/3
2001	10,559	684,500	-673,941	1.5
2002	27,599	854,758	-827,159	3.2
2003	35,621	973,265	-937,644	3.7
2004	56,567	1,063,347	-1,006,780	5.3
2005	56,283	1,157,492	-1,101,209	4.9
2006	110,774	1,305,879	-1,195,105	8.5
2007	165,112	1,576,186	-1,411,074	10.5
2008	198,463	1,928,236	-1,729,773	10.3
2009*	165,328	1,937,539	-1,772,211	8.5
2010	295,957	2,157,725	-1,861,769	13.7
2011	319,165	2,492,348	-2,173,184	12.8
2012	276,100	2,507,609	-2,231,509	11.0
2013	293,842	2,449,064	-2,155,221	12.0
2014	324,543	2,538,337	-2,213,794	12.8
2015	325,294	2,634,693	-2,309,399	12.3
2016	309,688	2,789,708	-2,480,021	11.1
01-2015	26,355	137,156	-110,801	19.2
02-2015	23,336	163,881	-140,545	14.2
03-2015	26,333	198,187	-171,854	13.3
04-2015	27,708	223,890	-196,182	12.4
05-2015	27,333	237,716	-210,383	11.5
06-2015	30,445	238,098	-207,653	12.8
07-2015	36,633	246,033	-209,400	14.9
08-2015	28,312	245,251	-216,939	11.5
09-2015	24,417	230,841	-206,424	10.6
10-2015	27,128	241,792	-214,665	11.2
11-2015	23,721	218,177	-194,456	10.9
12-2015	23,573	253,671	-230,097	9.3
01-2016	22,275	132,627	-110,352	16.8
02-2016	24,082	193,688	-169,606	12.4
03-2016	25,579	235,521	-209,942	10.9
04-2016	23,039	250,709	-227,670	9.2
05-2016	27,098	238,101	-211,003	11.4
06-2016	30,339	247,233	-216,894	12.3
07-2016	30,397	240,941	-210,544	12.6
08-2016	21,462	270,471	-249,009	7.9
09-2016	21,672	232,683	-211,011	9.3
10-2016	27,101	241,328	-214,227	11.2
11-2016	32,124	234,857	-202,733	13.7
12-2016	24,519	271,550	-247,031	9.0
01-2017	21,447	146,887	-125,440	14.6

2016) are preliminary data

2009) Te dhënat për import ndryshojnë nga publikimet e më hershme

**Table 2: Flow of goods on external trade, cumulative**

(000 €)

Period	Exports (FOB)	Imports (CIF)	Trade balance	Per cent of cover
1	2	3	4=2-3	5=2/3
01-2015	26,355	137,156	-110,801	19.2
02-2015	49,691	301,037	-251,346	16.5
03-2015	76,024	499,224	-423,200	15.2
04-2015	103,731	723,114	-619,383	14.3
05-2015	131,065	960,830	-829,765	13.6
06-2015	161,509	1,198,928	-1,037,418	13.5
07-2015	198,142	1,444,961	-1,246,818	13.7
08-2015	226,455	1,690,212	-1,463,758	13.4
09-2015	250,872	1,921,053	-1,670,181	13.1
10-2015	277,999	2,162,845	-1,884,846	12.9
11-2015	301,720	2,381,022	-2,079,302	12.7
12-2015	325,294	2,634,693	-2,309,399	12.3
01-2016	22,275	132,627	-110,352	16.8
02-2016	46,358	326,315	-279,958	14.2
03-2016	71,937	561,836	-489,899	12.8
04-2016	94,976	812,545	-717,570	11.7
05-2016	122,074	1,050,646	-928,572	11.6
06-2016	152,413	1,297,879	-1,145,466	11.7
07-2016	182,810	1,538,820	-1,356,010	11.9
08-2016	204,272	1,809,291	-1,605,020	11.3
09-2016	225,944	2,041,974	-1,816,031	11.1
10-2016	253,044	2,283,302	-2,030,258	11.1
11-2016	285,168	2,518,159	-2,232,990	11.3
12-2016	309,688	2,789,708	-2,480,021	11.1
01-2017	21,447	146,887	-125,440	14.6

**Table 3: Exports and imports, according to statistical procedures**

Statistical procedure	(000 €)				
	Jan-16		Jan-17		Indices 2016/ 2015
	Value	%	Value	%	
<b>Total Exports (FOB)</b>	<b>22,275</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21,447</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>96</b>
Normal exports	10,563	47.4	16,946	79.0	160.4
Exports covered by inward processing procedure	11,713	52.6	4,501	21.0	38.4
Exports covered by the customs outward processing procedure	:	:	:	:	:
Exports not recorded from customs declarations	:	:	:	:	:
<b>Total Imports (CIF)</b>	<b>132,627</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>146,887</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>111</b>
Importet normale	129,705	97.8	144,423	98.3	111.3
Imports covered by inward processing procedure	2,922	2.2	2,464	1.7	84.3
Imports covered by the customs outward processing procedure	:	:	:	:	:
Imports not recorded from customs declarations	:	:	:	:	:

**Table 4: Exports and imports, according to SITC**

Sections by SITC	(000 €)			
	Jan- 2016		Jan- 2017	
	Value	%	Value	%
<b>Exports (FOB)</b>				
<b>Total</b>	<b>22,275</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21,447</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Food and live animals	1,673	7.5	2,231	10.4
Beverages and tobacco	749	3.4	740	3.5
Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	2,688	12.1	3,844	17.9
Mineral fuels, lubricants and related mater	1,082	4.9	1,241	5.8
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	:	:	:	:
Chemicals and related products, n.e.s.	672	3.0	883	4.1
Manufactured goods classified chiefly by n	12,770	57.3	9,797	45.7
Machinery and transport equipment	606	2.7	736	3.4
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	2,033	9.1	1,973	9.2
Commodities not classified elsewhere in tr	2	0.0	2	0.0
<b>Imports (CIF)</b>				
<b>Total</b>	<b>132,627</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>146,887</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Food and live animals	28,501	21.5	27,732	18.9
Beverages and tobacco	6,106	4.6	5,755	3.9
Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	2,519	1.9	2,806	1.9
Mineral fuels, lubricants and related mater	15,592	11.8	24,778	16.9
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	1,640	1.2	1,747	1.2
Chemicals and related products, n.e.s.	15,047	11.3	16,132	11.0
Manufactured goods classified chiefly by n	23,177	17.5	21,408	14.6
Machinery and transport equipment	26,838	20.2	32,459	22.1
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	13,064	9.9	13,925	9.5
Commodities not classified elsewhere in tr	143	0.1	146	0.1

Table 5: Exports and imports by sections

(000 €)

Kodi	Sections of the Harmonized System(HS)	Jan- 2016		Jan- 2017	
		Value	%	Value	%
<b>Exports (FOB)</b>					
	<b>Total</b>	<b>22,275</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21,447</b>	<b>100.0</b>
1	Live animals; animal products	48	0.2	64	0.3
2	Vegetable products	950	4.3	1,245	5.8
3	Edible oils	:	:	0	:
4	Prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco	1,429	6.4	1,709	8.0
5	Mineral products	2,547	11.4	3,306	15.4
6	Products of chemical industries	143	0.6	389	1.8
7	Plastics, rubber and articles thereof	1,765	7.9	1,759	8.2
8	Leather and their articles	578	2.6	791	3.7
9	Wood and articles of wood	144	0.6	207	1.0
10	Paper and their articles	169	0.8	135	0.6
11	Textiles and textile articles	774	3.5	518	2.4
12	Footwear	262	1.2	18	0.1
13	Art.of stone,plaster,ceramic prod. and glass	161	0.7	260	1.2
14	Pearls,precious stones, metals etc.	:	:	8	0.0
15	Base metal and articles of base metal	12,246	55.0	9,683	45.1
16	Machinery,appliances and electric materials	552	2.5	664	3.1
17	Transport means	86	0.4	106	0.5
18	Optical,medical,potog. musical instr.	62	0.3	7	0.0
19	Arms and ammunition	:	:	:	:
20	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	354	1.6	578	2.7
21	Works of art	4	0.0	2	0.0
<b>Imports (CIF)</b>					
	<b>Total</b>	<b>132,627</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>146,887</b>	<b>100.0</b>
1	Live animals; animal products	7,127	5.4	7,531	5.1
2	Vegetable products	9,791	7.4	7,960	5.4
3	Edible oils	2,018	1.5	1,927	1.3
4	Prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco	18,277	13.8	18,900	12.9
5	Mineral products	16,692	12.6	25,723	17.5
6	Products of chemical industries	10,174	7.7	11,608	7.9
7	Plastics, rubber and articles thereof	8,069	6.1	8,137	5.5
8	Leather and their articles	345	0.3	344	0.2
9	Wood and articles of wood	2,749	2.1	3,023	2.1
10	Paper and their articles	2,256	1.7	2,224	1.5
11	Textiles and textile articles	6,683	5.0	6,906	4.7
12	Footwear	1,249	0.9	1,620	1.1
13	Art.of stone,plaster,ceramic prod. and glass	3,989	3.0	2,951	2.0
14	Pearls,precious stones, metals etc.	120	0.1	248	0.2
15	Base metal and articles of base metal	9,851	7.4	8,975	6.1
16	Machinery,appliances and electric materials	16,352	12.3	17,763	12.1
17	Transport means	11,051	8.3	15,032	10.2
18	Optical,medical,potog. musical instr.	1,295	1.0	1,241	0.8
19	Arms and ammunition	28	0.0	69	0.0
20	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	4,366	3.3	4,551	3.1
21	Works of art	145	0.1	156	0.1

Table 6: Exports by countries

(000 €)

Country	Jan- 2016		Jan- 2017	
	Value	%	Value	%
<b>Exports (FOB)</b>				
<b>Total</b>	<b>22,275</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21,447</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>28 EU countries</b>	<b>5,462</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>5,486</b>	<b>25.6</b>
Austria	220	1.0	509	2.4
Belgium	820	3.7	12	0.1
Great Britain	32	0.1	854	4.0
Denmark	90	0.4	2	0.0
France	468	2.1	202	0.9
Germany	686	3.1	1,365	6.4
Greece	99	0.4	57	0.3
Netherland	1,090	4.9	853	4.0
Hungary	26	0.1	90	0.4
Ireland	:	:	47	0.2
Italy	588	2.6	456	2.1
Luxembourg	:	:	27	0.1
Poland	78	0.3	247	1.2
Czech Republic	22	0.1	19	0.1
Slovakia	54	0.2	1	0.0
Slovenia	17	0.1	30	0.1
Spain	202	0.9	46	0.2
Sweden	94	0.4	60	0.3
Romania	34	0.2	50	0.2
Bulgaria	631	2.8	451	2.1
Croatia	177	0.8	38	0.2
Other of EU	32	0.1	69	0.3
<b>Cefta</b>	<b>5,461</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>6,989</b>	<b>32.6</b>
Albania	1,697	7.6	2,561	11.9
Macedonia	1,261	5.7	1,591	7.4
Montenegro	746	3.3	677	3.2
Serbia	1,546	6.9	1,969	9.2
Bosnja dhe Hercegovina	209	0.9	191	0.9
Moldavia	0.8	0.0		0.0
<b>EFTA</b>	<b>895</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>923</b>	<b>4.3</b>
Switzerland	886	4.0	910	4.2
Icelanda	:	:	0.0	:
Norway	9	0.0	13	0.1
Liechtensten	:	:	:	:
<b>Other countries of evropiar</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>273</b>	<b>1.3</b>
Turkey	778	3.5	247	1.2
Ukraina	:	:	27	0.1
<b>Other countries non eurpoi</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>0.7</b>
USA	108	0.5	158	0.7
Canada		0.0		:
Brazili	:	:		:
Mexico	:	:		:
<b>Other countries of Asia</b>	<b>1,051</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>5,203</b>	<b>24.3</b>
Japonia		0.0	12	0.1
China	:	:	2,194	10.2
India	1,051	4.7	2,997	14.0
<b>Other</b>	<b>8,520</b>	<b>38.2</b>	<b>2,415</b>	<b>11.3</b>

Table 7: Imports by countries

Country	Jan- 2016		Jan- 2017	
	Value	%	Value	%
(000 €)				
<b>Imports (CIF)</b>				
<b>Total</b>	<b>132,627</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>146,887</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>28 EU countries</b>	<b>57,335</b>	<b>43.2</b>	<b>63,818</b>	<b>43.4</b>
Austria	1,881	1.4	2,283	1.6
Belgium	306	0.2	489	0.3
Great Britain	1,101	0.8	1,051	0.7
Denmark	81	0.1	111	0.1
France	1,130	0.9	2,335	1.6
Germany	16,705	12.6	17,698	12.0
Greece	8,126	6.1	7,007	4.8
Netherland	1,144	0.9	980	0.7
Hungary	1,338	1.0	1,373	0.9
Ireland	199	0.2	69	0.0
Italy	8,524	6.4	6,263	4.3
Luxembourg	57	0.0	61	0.0
Poland	4,213	3.2	3,913	2.7
Czech Republic	1,144	0.9	4,191	2.9
Slovakia	451	0.3	196	0.1
Slovenia	3,353	2.5	3,338	2.3
Spain	822	0.6	3,503	2.4
Sweden	380	0.3	380	0.3
Romania	1,563	1.2	1,565	1.1
Bulgaria	2,498	1.9	3,975	2.7
Croatia	1,858	1.4	2,769	1.9
Other of EU	462	0.3	269	0.2
<b>Cefta</b>	<b>31,190</b>	<b>23.5</b>	<b>37,145</b>	<b>25.3</b>
Albania	4,386	3.3	6,098	4.2
Macedonia	5,564	4.2	6,549	4.5
Montenegro	316	0.2	206	0.1
Serbia	17,958	13.5	20,883	14.2
Bosnja dhe Hercegovina	2,944	2.2	3,392	2.3
Moldavia	22	0.0	17	0.0
<b>EFTA</b>	<b>963</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>0.6</b>
Switzerland	833	0.6	759	0.5
Icelanda	:	:	17	:
Norway	130	0.1	77	0.1
Liechtensten	42,786	:	27	0.0
<b>Other countries of evropiar</b>	<b>13,408</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>13,803</b>	<b>9.4</b>
Turkey	13,107	9.9	13,447	9.2
Ukraina	301	0.2	356	0.2
<b>Other countries non eurpoi</b>	<b>4,836</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>5,380</b>	<b>3.7</b>
USA	2,102	1.6	2,678	1.8
Canada	32	0.0	138	0.1
Brazili	2,605	2.0	2,515	1.7
Mexico	97	0.1	49	0.0
<b>Other countries of Asia</b>	<b>16,036</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>18,077</b>	<b>12.3</b>
Japonia	541	0.4	823	0.6
China	14,795	11.2	16,333	11.1
India	699	0.5	921	0.6
<b>Other</b>	<b>8,859</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>7,785</b>	<b>5.3</b>

# Kosovo Agency of Statistics

## *short description*

**Kosovo Agency of Statistics** is a professional institution which deals with collection, processing and publication of official statistical data. As such acts since 1948 and has passed through several historical stages, structured according to state regulation of those times.

On 2 August 1999, the Agency has resumed his professional work (after nine years of interruption of all statistical series detrimental to the interest of Kosovo), as an independent institution under the Ministry of Public Administration. Since 12.12.2011 the Agency operates in the frames of the Prime Minister's Office. Office is funded by the Kosovo Consolidated Budget, but also by donors for specific projects and for technical professional support.

**Kosovo Agency of Statistics** acts according to the Law No. 04/L-036 which entered into force on 12.12.2011. Programme of Official Statistics 2013/2017 is in implementation for the development of statistical system in correlation with the European Union statistics (EUROSTAT).

**Kosovo Agency of Statistics** has this organizational structure: production departments; (Department of Economic statistics and National Accounts, Department of Agriculture and Environment statistics and Department of Social statistics. **Support Departments**; Department of Methodology and Information Technology, Department of Policy Planning, Coordination and Communication, Department of Census and survey and Department of Administration. **Within the Agency are also established Regional Offices**; Gjakove, Gjilan, Mitrovica, Peja, Prizren, Pristina and Ferizaj

Number of employees and budget are still limited. In KAS are employed in total 143 workers, of whom 98 (68,58 %) at the headquarters of the Agency, while in the Regional Offices, 45 (31,5%). Agency's educational qualifying structure is as follows: 61,7% with university education, 15,4% with non-tertiary education, and 17,5% with secondary education.

We have professional and technical cooperation with all Ministries of the Government of Kosovo, especially with the Ministry of Economy and Finance, Central Bank of Kosovo, with international institutions, EUROSTAT, International Monetary Fund, World Bank, Sweden's SIDA, DFID, UNFPA, UNDP, UNICEF, and with the statistical institutions of the countries in the region.

**Kosovo Agency of Statistics** almost completely covers the territory of Kosovo, based on the statistical structure of the enumeration areas as the basic unit and sole in the country from which it gets first hand information. All surveys conducted in the field use the extension of the samples in these enumeration areas but also a statistical methodology according to international recommendations. During the collection of statistical data and reports from reporting entities are involved professionals, technicians, administrators, servants of the country offices, field enumerators from regional offices, etc.

In 2011, the project of Population Census , Households and Dwellings was successfully implemented, and in 2014 was successfully carried out the Agriculture Census. The result obtained from these censuses will have an important role in the development policies.

**The mission of the Agency**; to meet the needs of users with qualitative statistical data, objective, in time and space so that users have reliable base to conduct regular analysis in the interest of planning and project development at the municipal and country level. To support government institutions, scientific institutes, research academies, businesses in order to provide proper information for decision-makers and other users in Kosovo.

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