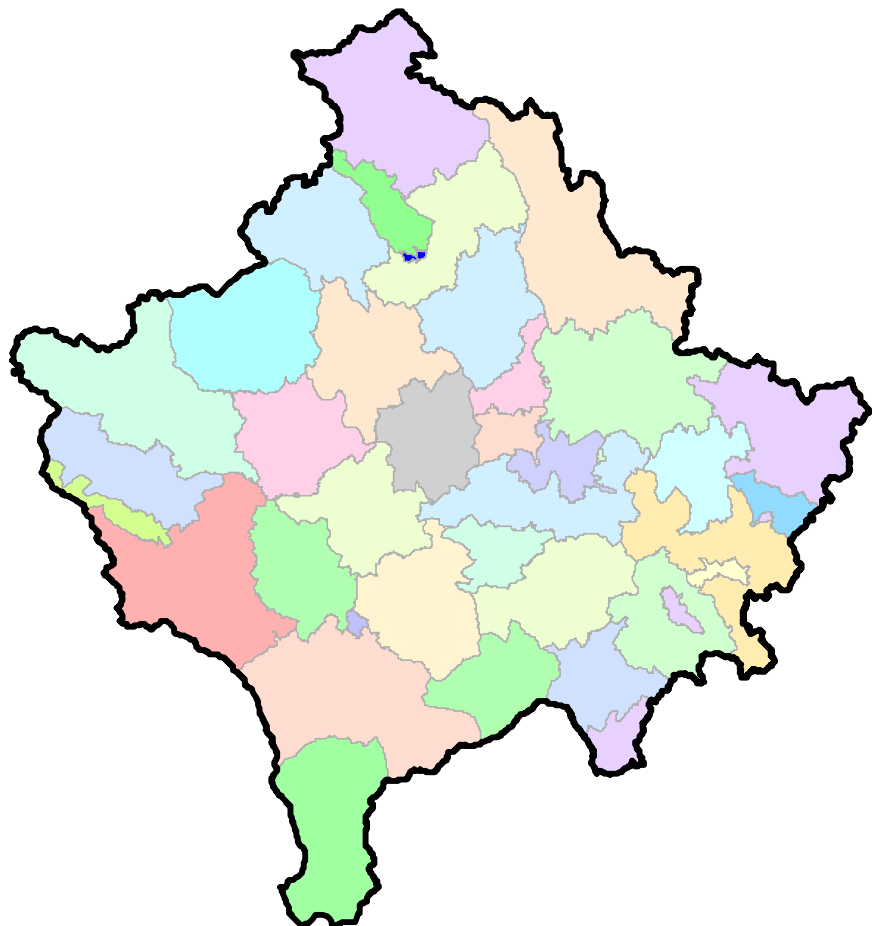




Republika e Kosovës
Republika Kosova-Republic of Kosovo
Qeveria - Vlada - Government
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Agjencia e Statistikave të Kosovës - Agencija za Statistike Kosova - Kosovo Agency of Statistics

Series 3: Economic Statistics

External Trade Statistics (May 2015)



AGJENCIA E STATISTIKAVE TË KOSOVËS
AGENCIJA ZA STATISTIKE KOSOVA
KOSOVO AGENCY OF STATISTICS

Preface

The Kosovo Agency of Statistics (KAS) started to publish data on the Import for Kosovo since 2001.

Publication of External Trade is based on the Kosovo Customs Service data, and the Kosovo Energetic Corporation for electricity.

Preliminary data on Export were published in 2000 and 2001.

All these publications consist of preliminary data due to the continuous quality improvements; data in this publication are different from the preliminary data published before.

This publication contains 6 tables on Kosovo External Trade mainly for May2015 comparisons with same period 2014. Tables are related with the Import and Export by the flow of goods, cumulatively, statistical procedures, and sections, by countries and by border points.

Import is given by country of origin.

Suggestion and remarks of users are welcome.

Future publications will certainly provide new and better quality of data.

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June, 2015

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Abbreviations

KAS	Kosovo Agency of Statistics
FOB	Free on Board
C.I.F.	Cost, Insurance, Freight
EU	European Union
CN	Combined Nomenclature
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification
SCT	Standard Trade Classification
SAD	Single Administrative Document
HS	Harmonized System
ISO	International Standard of Organization
n.e.s.	not elsewhere specified
s.s	suspension system
d.s	drawback system

Symbols

:	Figure is not available
0	Less than a half of the unit used
—	Not applied

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External Trade statistics – methodological notes

Sources

The statistics of trade is compiled mainly from the documents supplied by importers and exporters (or their agents) to the Customs authorities. The document is the Single Administrative Document (SAD) used for Customs clearance purposes. The information on the document is captured by the Customs Information system. The additional source of data is the administrative data for import and export of electricity.

Responsibility for data collection, compilation and publication

The Customs administration is responsible for the collection, inputting and processing of the data from customs statements. Data regarding the field of statistics are registered within this documents (SAD), are reported in monthly bases to the Statistical Agency of Kosovo by the Customs Administration via electronically.

KAS is responsible for external trade data processing, compilation and publication. These statistics include data by the type of customs procedures. Additional work involves editing and validation (or approval) of customs data.

Coverage

External trade statistics do not cover temporary imports and exports of goods which will return after a certain period in an unchanged condition, as are: services, repairs, money as means of payment, money in gold, fuel supply of Kosovo's vehicles abroad, imports of goods for foreign liaisons offices and other diplomatic missions in Kosovo, travelers personal baggage, commercial samples and postal packages of minor value.

Recording system

External trade statistics are compiled in accordance with the 'special' system (facilitating definition) of recording international trade. By this system, imports and exports are recorded at the time when goods move across the territory (or area) under the free flow that is the part when goods may be sold without any customs restriction. The facilitating definition means that beside regular import and export transactions, also inward and outward processing is included.

Special imports include imports of foreign goods into the free flow area for consumption, for processing and after outward processing.

Special exports include exports of goods originating in the free circulation area, goods after inward processing and goods for outward processing.

Goods in transit are excluded.

Valuation

For imports the “cif” value is used (cost, insurance and freight to the point of entry in Kosovo). For exports the “fob” (free on board) value is used. This is the cost of goods purchased abroad, including packing, transport within the state, loading charges, insurance and other charges

accruing up to the point where the goods are put on board the exporting vessel or aircraft or are conveyed to the land frontier. The invoice value is recalculated to the value at the Kosovo’s border by adding or subtracting the whole or in parts the costs of transport, loading, unloading and insurance, depending on the terms of delivery by the contract.

The value excludes:

- any sum receivable by the exporter by way of export refund, drawback, subsidy or other bounty
- any foreign customs duties or freight charges beyond the port or point of exportation.

Valuation is in euro. For transactions in which the value is expressed in a foreign currency, conversion to euro is done using the daily current exchange rate.

Reference period

The calendar month is the basic period for compiling the data. On the base of customs data, the time of recording the imports/exports transactions is the date of submission of the customs declaration or according to some other date valid for the implementation of the customs regulations.

Units of quantity

The quantity of exported and imported goods is shown in net mass if it can be determined considering the nature of the product and in the supplementary unit of measurement when it is prescribed in the customs tariff nomenclature.

Net weight is the usual unit of quantity shown. The weight of containers, cases, jars and packing materials is therefore excluded.

Other units of quantity are used for some commodities, notably live animals, motor vehicles, office machines, domestic appliances, watches and clocks, and clothing (where number is used as the unit of quantity), footwear (where the number of pairs is used), floor coverings (where square meters are used), and beverages (where volume is used).

Partner country

In this publication, imports are recorded by country of origin (as opposed to country of consignment or dispatch). Goods obtained or produced in one country originating at that country. A product, in the production of which two or more countries were involved, is considered as originating by the country in which the last substantial manufacturing process occurred. Packing, repacking, sorting and blending are not regarded as manufacturing processes.

Exports are classified by country of final destination. The last country to which the goods are specifically directed on their outward movement from the State is regarded as their final destination. This is not necessarily the country in which the goods will be unshipped or that in which they will be finally consumed.

Country classification

The classification of countries is the country nomenclature (Geo-nomenclature) as set in the Official Journal of the European Communities, published in annual bases. Since January 1999, this follows the United Nations' ISO alpha-2 coding system in which each country is identified by a two-letter code.

Classification of goods

Statistics are collected by using the 8-digit Combined Nomenclature (CN) – the EU tariff and statistical nomenclature. This nomenclature is managed and updated annually by the Commission in cooperation with the member states. The CN is aligned with the 6-digit Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (HS) – the nomenclature of the Customs Co-operation Council that is used throughout the world for applying customs tariffs and compiling external trade statistics. The CN contains about 10,400 8-digit subheadings, the first six digits of which correspond to the HS code.

The Standard International Trade Classification, Revision 3 (SITC Rev 3) has been developed by the United Nations for the advancement of the international comparability of statistics on external trade.

SITC Rev 3 contains about 3,100 basic headings (5-digit). These are combined into 261 Groups (3-digit), 98 Divisions (2-digit) and 10 Sections (1-digit). For example, Section 6 (Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material) consists of 9 Divisions, 61 to 69. Division 64 (Paper, paperboard and articles thereof) consists of two groups, 641 and 642, which together consist of 72 basic headings, such as 642.94 (Paper handkerchiefs, towels, tablecloths, garments etc).

SITC Rev 3 follows the structure of the HS. Each of the categories in the SITC (including all the basic headings) is equivalent to a combination of HS headings (and therefore to a combination of CN headings)

Dissemination of data

Monthly data are provisional and published 40 days after the reference month.

Annual data are published twice: firstly as provisional data within the regular deadline (40 days after the reference period) and secondly as final data (in May).

Publication

Release dates for external trade statistics are

Aggregated data are published on the KAS web page 40 days after the reference period.

Monthly:

Monthly External Trade Statistics for Kosovo

Annually:

Final data

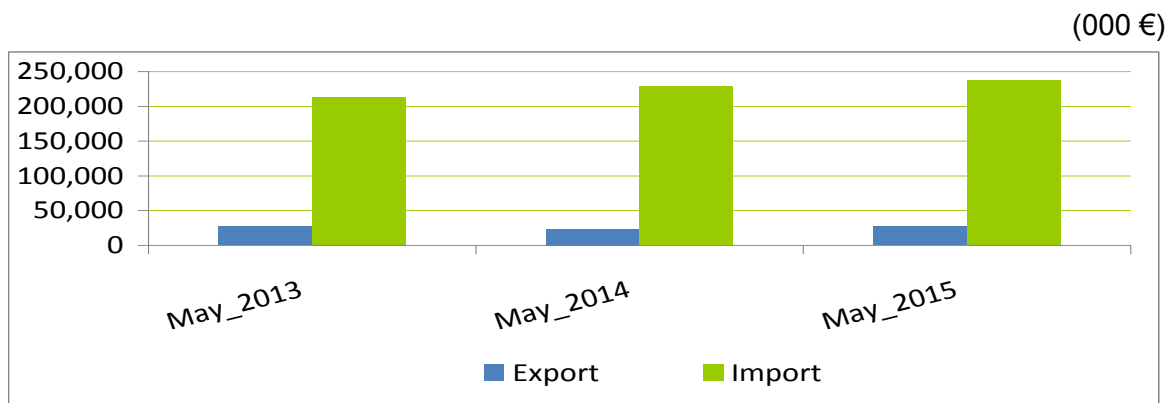
External Trade Statistics, Kosovo

Export and Import flow for May 2015

Initial figures for Kosovo's external trade of goods show a net trade deficit of 210,3 million euro for May 2015 compared with deficit of 205,0 million euro for the same period 2014. The export covers the import 11.5%.

Export and Import for period May 2015 were worth respectively 27,3 million euro and 237,7 million euro. There is an increase (15.4%) for exports and for (3.9%) for imports compared to the same period 2014.

Graph 1: Graph presentation of Export and Import May 2013-2015



According to the data the main groups of export are: (59.7%) base metal and articles of base metal, (9.0%) plastics, rubber and articles thereof, (8.5%) prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco, (7.1%) mineral products, (3.0%) machinery, appliances and electric material, (2.5%) vegetable products, (2.4%) leather and their articles etc.

According to the data the main groups of import are: (17.4%) mineral products, (12.3%) prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco, (10.3%) products of chemical industries, (10.3%) base metal and articles of base metal, (9.9%) machinery, appliances and electric material, (6.4%) plastics, rubber and articles thereof, (5.8%) vegetable products, (5.4%) transport means etc.

Regarding the export - import of Kosovo, the main trade partners are EU participating with (35.5%) for export and (40.8%) for import comparing with the total of the May 2015, while CEFTA participation has been with (37.7%) for export and (30.3%) for import comparing with the same period. Our country exported in May 2015: Indi (15.0%), Albania (13.9%), Macedonia (13.0%), Belgium (11.2%), Italy (7.4%), Serbia (5.9%), Montenegro (3.5%) etc.

According to the data for the period May 2015 more import we have from: Serbia (13.9%), Germany (10.2%), Turkey (10.2%), Italy (8.6%), Albania (8.2%), China (7.6%), Macedonia (5.1%) etc.

Table 1: Flow of goods on external trade

(000 €)

Period	Exports	Imports	Trade balance	Per cent of cover
1	2	3	4=2-3	5=2/3
2001	10.559	684.500	-673.941	1,5
2002	27.599	854.758	-827.159	3,2
2003	35.621	973.265	-937.644	3,7
2004	56.567	1.063.347	-1.006.780	5,3
2005	56.283	1.157.492	-1.101.209	4,9
2006	110.774	1.305.879	-1.195.105	8,5
2007	165.112	1.576.186	-1.411.074	10,5
2008	198.463	1.928.236	-1.729.773	10,3
2009	165.328	1.935.541	-1.770.213	8,5
2010	295.957	2.157.725	-1.861.769	13,7
2011	319.165	2.492.348	-2.173.184	12,8
2012	276.100	2.507.609	-2.231.509	11,0
2013	293.842	2.449.064	-2.155.221	12,0
2014	324.543	2.538.337	-2.213.794	12,8
Jan-13	21.450	139.742	-118.292	15,3
Shk-13	22.628	156.304	-133.676	14,5
Mar-13	23.086	195.066	-171.980	11,8
Pri-13	27.817	205.714	-177.897	13,5
Maj-13	27.195	213.666	-186.471	12,7
Qer-13	26.385	222.376	-195.990	11,9
Kor-13	27.132	229.506	-202.373	11,8
Gsh-13	23.228	227.975	-204.747	10,2
Sht-13	24.878	210.385	-185.507	11,8
Tet-13	26.198	218.814	-192.616	12,0
Nov-13	21.825	206.039	-184.214	10,6
Dhj-13	22.019	223.476	-201.457	9,9
Jan-14	20.515	129.853	-109.338	15,8
Shk-14	22.072	158.285	-136.213	13,9
Mar-14	23.130	202.420	-179.290	11,4
Pri-14	24.455	205.829	-181.374	11,9
May-14	23.687	228.720	-205.033	10,4
Qer-14	27.151	215.777	-188.626	12,6
Kor-14	34.045	237.750	-203.705	14,3
Aug-14	33.064	241.571	-208.507	13,7
Sht-14	29.531	246.892	-217.362	12,0
Tet-14	29.651	234.986	-205.335	12,6
Nën-14	30.809	211.234	-180.425	14,6
Dhj-14	26.434	225.020	-198.586	11,7
Jan-15	26.355	137.162	-110.807	19,2
Shk-15	23.336	163.879	-140.543	14,2
Mar-15	26.338	198.176	-171.837	13,3
Pri-15	27.708	223.881	-196.173	12,4
May-15	27.340	237.705	-210.365	11,5

2015) are preliminary data

Table 2: Flow of goods on external trade, cumulative

(000 €)

Period	Exports	Imports	Trade balance	Per cent of cover
1	2	3	4=2-3	5=2/3
Jan-13	21.450	139.742	-118.292	15,3
Shk-13	44.078	296.046	-251.968	14,9
Mar-13	67.164	491.112	-423.948	13,7
Pri-13	94.981	696.826	-601.845	13,6
Maj-13	122.177	910.492	-788.316	13,4
Qer-13	148.562	1.132.868	-984.306	13,1
Kor-13	175.694	1.362.374	-1.186.679	12,9
Gsh-13	198.922	1.590.349	-1.391.427	12,5
Sht-13	223.800	1.800.734	-1.576.934	12,4
Tet-13	249.998	2.019.549	-1.769.550	12,4
Nov-13	271.823	2.225.587	-1.953.764	12,2
Dhj-13	293.842	2.449.064	-2.155.221	12,0
Jan-14	20.515	129.853	-109.338	15,8
Shk-14	42.587	288.138	-245.551	14,8
Mar-14	65.717	490.558	-424.841	13,4
Pri-14	90.172	696.387	-606.215	12,9
May-14	113.859	925.107	-811.248	12,3
Qer-14	141.010	1.140.884	-999.874	12,4
Kor-14	175.055	1.378.633	-1.203.579	12,7
Aug-14	208.119	1.620.204	-1.412.085	12,8
Sht-14	237.649	1.867.096	-1.629.447	12,7
Tet-14	267.301	2.102.083	-1.834.782	12,7
Nën-14	298.109	2.313.317	-2.015.207	12,9
Dhj-14	324.543	2.538.337	-2.213.794	12,8
Jan-15	26.355	137.162	-110.807	19,2
Shk-15	49.691	301.041	-251.350	16,5
Mar-15	76.029	499.217	-423.187	15,2
Pri-15	103.737	723.098	-619.360	14,3
May-15	131.078	960.803	-829.725	13,6

Table 3: Exports and imports, according to statistical procedures

(000 €)

	Statistical procedure	2014		2015		Indices
		May		May		2015/ 2014
		Value	%	Value	%	
	Total Exports	23.687	100,0	27.340	100,0	115,4
1	Normal exports	16.379	69,1	16.128	59,0	98,5
2	Exports covered by inward processing procedure	7.308	30,9	11.213	41,0	153,4
3	Exports covered by the customs outward processing	:	:	:	:	:
9	Exports not recorded from customs declarations	:	:	:	:	:
	Total Imports	228.720	100,0	237.705	100,0	103,9
1	Normal imports	222.946	97,5	229.505	96,6	102,9
2	Imports covered by inward processing procedure	5.774	2,5	8.200	3,4	142,0
3	Imports covered by the customs outward processing	:	:	:	:	:
9	Exports NOT recorded from customs declarations	:	:	:	:	:

Table 4: Exports and imports, according to SITC

(000 €)

Code	Sections by SITC	Exports				Imports			
		2014		2015		2014		2015	
		May				May			
		Value	%	Value	%	Value	%	Value	%
	Total	23.687	100,0	27.340	100,0	228.720	100,0	237.705	100,0
0	Food and live animals	1.475	6,2	1.392	5,1	42.329	18,5	41.599	17,5
1	Beverages and tobacco	1.116	4,7	1.639	6,0	9.593	4,2	9.178	3,9
2	Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	5.898	24,9	5.691	20,8	5.508	2,4	7.589	3,2
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materi	391	1,7	364	1,3	34.297	15,0	31.467	13,2
4	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	:	:	4	0,0	1.900	0,8	1.473	0,6
5	Chemicals and related products, n.e.s.	963	4,1	1.538	5,6	27.742	12,1	33.950	14,3
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by m	10.745	45,4	14.104	51,6	47.854	20,9	54.087	22,8
7	Machinery and transport equipment	2.101	8,9	920	3,4	32.008	14,0	36.129	15,2
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	997	4,2	1.689	6,2	27.156	11,9	21.985	9,2
9	Commodities not classified elsewhere in th	1	0,0	:	:	333	0,1	247	0,1

Table 5: Exports and imports by sections

(000 €)

Code	Sections of the Harmonized System(HS)	Exports				Imports			
		2014		2015		2014		2015	
		May				May			
		Value	%	Value	%	Value	%	Value	%
	Total	23.687	100,0	27.340	100,0	228.720	100,0	237.705	100,0
1	Live animals; animal products	7	0,0	27	0,1	9.719	4,2	8.557	3,6
2	Vegetable products	906	3,8	677	2,5	12.091	5,3	13.764	5,8
3	Edible oils	:	:	4	0,0	2.248	1,0	1.685	0,7
4	Prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco	1.731	7,3	2.328	8,5	30.626	13,4	29.230	12,3
5	Mineral products	1.651	7,0	1.928	7,1	40.908	17,9	41.275	17,4
6	Products of chemical industries	205	0,9	310	1,1	17.959	7,9	24.457	10,3
7	Plastics, rubber and articles thereof	1.649	7,0	2.466	9,0	15.303	6,7	15.133	6,4
8	Leather and their articles	784	3,3	661	2,4	859	0,4	667	0,3
9	Wood and articles of wood	280	1,2	163	0,6	5.422	2,4	5.230	2,2
10	Paper and their articles	204	0,9	215	0,8	3.551	1,6	3.264	1,4
11	Textiles and textile articles	1.146	4,8	480	1,8	11.843	5,2	9.798	4,1
12	Footwear	136	0,6	291	1,1	3.149	1,4	2.705	1,1
13	Art.of stone,plaster,ceramic prod. and glass	147	0,6	145	0,5	10.654	4,7	11.049	4,6
14	Pearls,precious stones, metals etc.	:	:	4	0,0	263	0,1	150	0,1
15	Base metal and articles of base metal	12.429	52,5	16.309	59,7	19.182	8,4	24.599	10,3
16	Machinery,appliances and electric materials	2.072	8,7	830	3,0	22.491	9,8	23.622	9,9
17	Transport means	60	0,3	61	0,2	10.398	4,5	12.768	5,4
18	Optical,medical,potog. musical instr.	12	0,1	102	0,4	3.657	1,6	2.660	1,1
19	Arms and ammunition	:	:	:	:	69	0,0	38	0,0
20	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	267	1,1	339	1,2	7.930	3,5	6.803	2,9
21	Works of art	1	0,0	:	:	396	0,2	251	0,1

Table 6: Exports and imports by countries

(000 €)

Country	Exports				Imports			
	2014		2015		2014		2015	
	May				May			
	Value	%	Value	%	Value	%	Value	%
Total	23.687	100,0	27.340	100,0	228.720	100,0	237.705	100,0
28 EU countries	9.936	41,9	9.700	35,5	92.359	40,4	96.957	40,8
Austria	234	1,0	561	2,1	2.713	1,2	3.123	1,3
Belgium	51	0,2	3.051	11,2	537	0,2	559	0,2
Great Britain	76	0,3	35	0,1	1.413	0,6	1.284	0,5
Denmark	39	0,2	4	0,0	169	0,1	327	0,1
France	49	0,2	664	2,4	1.808	0,8	1.642	0,7
Germany	708	3,0	794	2,9	22.136	9,7	24.156	10,2
Greece	73	0,3	98	0,4	17.663	7,7	10.443	4,4
Netherland	215	0,9	695	2,5	2.558	1,1	1.821	0,8
Hungary	0	:	0	:	2.356	1,0	2.092	0,9
Ireland	0	0,0	2	0,0	171	0,1	210	0,1
Italy	5.575	23,5	2.018	7,4	14.678	6,4	20.534	8,6
Luxembourg	0	0,0	18	0,1	1	0,0	78	0,0
Poland	407	1,7	469	1,7	3.892	1,7	5.820	2,4
Czech Republic	78	0,3	0	0,0	1.582	0,7	1.543	0,6
Slovakia	319	1,3	145	0,5	975	0,4	590	0,2
Slovenia	58	0,2	78	0,3	5.174	2,3	5.358	2,3
Spain	242	1,0	48	0,2	2.173	1,0	2.373	1,0
Sweden	57	0,2	146	0,5	1.006	0,4	427	0,2
Romania	61	0,3	202	0,7	1.753	0,8	1.905	0,8
Bulgaria	63	0,3	436	1,6	3.542	1,5	3.807	1,6
Croatia	247	1,0	236	0,9	5.468	2,4	7.509	3,2
Other of EU	1.382	5,8	:	:	590	0,3	1.357	0,6
Cefta	9.338	39,4	10.313	37,7	61.118	26,7	72.090	30,3
Albania	3.105	13,1	3.813	13,9	11.599	5,1	19.548	8,2
Macedonia	3.788	16,0	3.542	13,0	11.452	5,0	12.092	5,1
Montenegro	961	4,1	956	3,5	1.185	0,5	1.240	0,5
Serbia	1.205	5,1	1.608	5,9	31.951	14,0	32.974	13,9
Bosnja dhe Hercegovina	279	1,2	393	1,4	4.931	2,2	6.218	2,6
Moldavia	:	:	0,7	:	:	:	17	0,0
EFTA	722	3,0	724	2,6	2.348	1,0	2.818	1,2
Switzerland	681	2,9	723	2,6	2.186	1,0	2.580	1,1
Icelanda	:	:	:	:	14	0,0	3	0,0
Norway	41	0,2	1	0,0	109	0,0	188	0,1
Liechtensten	:	:	:	:	39	0,0	47	0,0
Other countries of evropian	1.126	4,8	532	1,9	27.306	11,9	24.883	10,5
Turkey	1.113	4,7	532	1,9	26.486	11,6	24.298	10,2
Ukraina	12	:	:	:	820	0,4	585	0,2
Other countries non eurpo	57	0,2	1	0,0	11.323	5,0	10.252	4,3
USA	57	0,2	1	0,0	7.270	3,2	6.933	2,9
Canada	:	:	:	:	293	0,1	139	0,1
Brazili	:	:	:	:	3.674	1,6	2.859	1,2
Mexico	:	:	:	:	85	0,0	321	0,1
Other countries of Asia	2.266	9,6	4.095	15,0	23.178	10,1	19.466	8,2
Japonia	:	:	:	:	645	0,3	787	0,3
China	94	0,4	6	0,0	21.572	9,4	18.112	7,6
India	2.172	9,2	4.089	15,0	960	0,4	567	0,2
Other	242	1,0	1.975	7,2	11.089	4,8	11.239	4,7

Agjencia e statistikave të Kosovës

përshkrim i shkurtër

Agjencia e statistikave të Kosovës është institucion profesional i cili merret me grumbullimin, përpunimin dhe publikimin e të dhënave zyrtare të statistikave. Si i tillë vepron që nga viti 1948 i cili ka kaluar nëpër disa faza historike, i strukturuar sipas rregullimit shtetëror të asaj kohe.

Më 2 Gusht 1999, Agjencioni ka rifilluar punën e vet profesionale (pas 9 viteve të ndërprerjes të të gjitha serive statistikore në dëm të interesit të Kosovës), si institucion i pavarur në kuadër të Ministrisë së Administratës Publike. Që nga data 12.12.2011 ky Agjencion vepron në kuadër të Kryeministrisë së Kosovës. Agjencioni financohet nga Buxheti i Konsoliduar i Kosovës por edhe nga donatorët për projekte të veçanta dhe për ndihmë teknike profesionale.

Agjencia e Statistikave të Kosovës vepron sipas Ligjit Nr. 04/L-036 i cili ka hyrë në fuqi me 12.12.2011. Plani zhvillimor strategjik 2009-2013 është në implementim afatmesëm për zhvillimin e sistemit statistikor në korrelacion me Statistikat e Bashkësisë Evropiane (EUROSTAT-it).

Agjencia e statistikave të Kosovës ka këtë strukturë organizative: *Departamentet prodhuese;* (Departamenti i statistikave ekonomike dhe llogarive kombëtare, Departamenti i statistikave të bujqësisë dhe mjedisit, dhe Departamenti i statistikave sociale. **Departamentet mbështetëse; (Departamenti i metodologjisë dhe teknologjisë informative, Departamenti për politika, planifikim, koordinim dhe komunikim, Departamenti i Regjistrimit dhe Anketimit si dhe Departamenti i administratës. **Ne kuadër të Agjencionit vepron edhe; Zyrat Rajonale;** Gjakovë, Gjilan, Mitrovicë, Pejë, Prizren, Prishtinë, dhe Ferizaj**

Numri i të punësuarve dhe buxheti akoma janë të limituar. Të punësuar janë gjithsej 139 punëtorë, prej tyre, 104 (74,8%) në seli të Agjencionit, gjersa në Zyrat Rajonale, 35 (25,2%), Agjencioni ka ketë strukturë kualifikuese, 70,5% me shkollim universitar ndërsa 29,5% me shkollim të mesëm.

Kemi bashkëpunim profesional dhe teknik me të gjitha Ministrinë e Qeverisë së Kosovës, sidomos me Ministrinë e Ekonomisë dhe Financave, Bankën Qendrore të Kosovës, me institucionet ndërkombëtare, EUROSTAT-in, Fondin Monetar Ndërkombëtare, Bankën Botërore, SIDA e Suedisë, DFID, UNFPA, UNDP, UNICEF, dhe me statistikatat e shteteve në rajon.

Agjencia e Statistikave të Kosovës mbulon gati krejtësisht territorin e Republikës së Kosovës, duke u organizuar në strukturimin e qarqeve statistikore dhe njërive raportuese si njësi bazë dhe të vetme në shkallë vendi nga të cilat merr informatat e dorës së parë. Te gjitha anketat e zhvilluara në terren përdorin shtrirjen e mostrës në këto qarqe statistikore por edhe metodologjinë sipas rekomandimeve ndërkombëtare. Gjatë grumbullimit të të dhënave statistikore dhe raporteve nga njësitë raportuese angazhohen; profesionistë, teknikë, administratorë, civilë të zyrave të vendit, regjistruar terreni nga Zyrat Rajonale etj.

Kemi realizuar me sukses në vitin 2011 projektin e Regjistrimit të Popullsisë Ekonomike Familjar dhe banesave, i cili regjistrim nuk është realizuar që nga viti 1981. Rezultatet e fituara nga ky regjistrim do të kenë një rol të rëndësishëm për hartimin e Politikave zhvillimore.

Misioni i Agjencionit; të përmbush nevojat e shfrytëzuesve me të dhëna statistikore kualitative, objektive, në kohë dhe hapësirë në mënyrë që shfrytëzuesit të kenë bazë të besueshme që të bëjnë analiza të rregullta në interes të planifikimit dhe zhvillimit gjatë hartimit të projekteve në shkallë vendbanimi, komune dhe vendi. Të përkrah institucionet qeveritare, institutet, shkencën, akademinë, bizneset si dhe hulumtuesit e pavarur etj. në mënyrë që t'u sigurojë informata të duhura për vendim-marrësit si dhe përdoruesit tjerë në Kosovë.

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